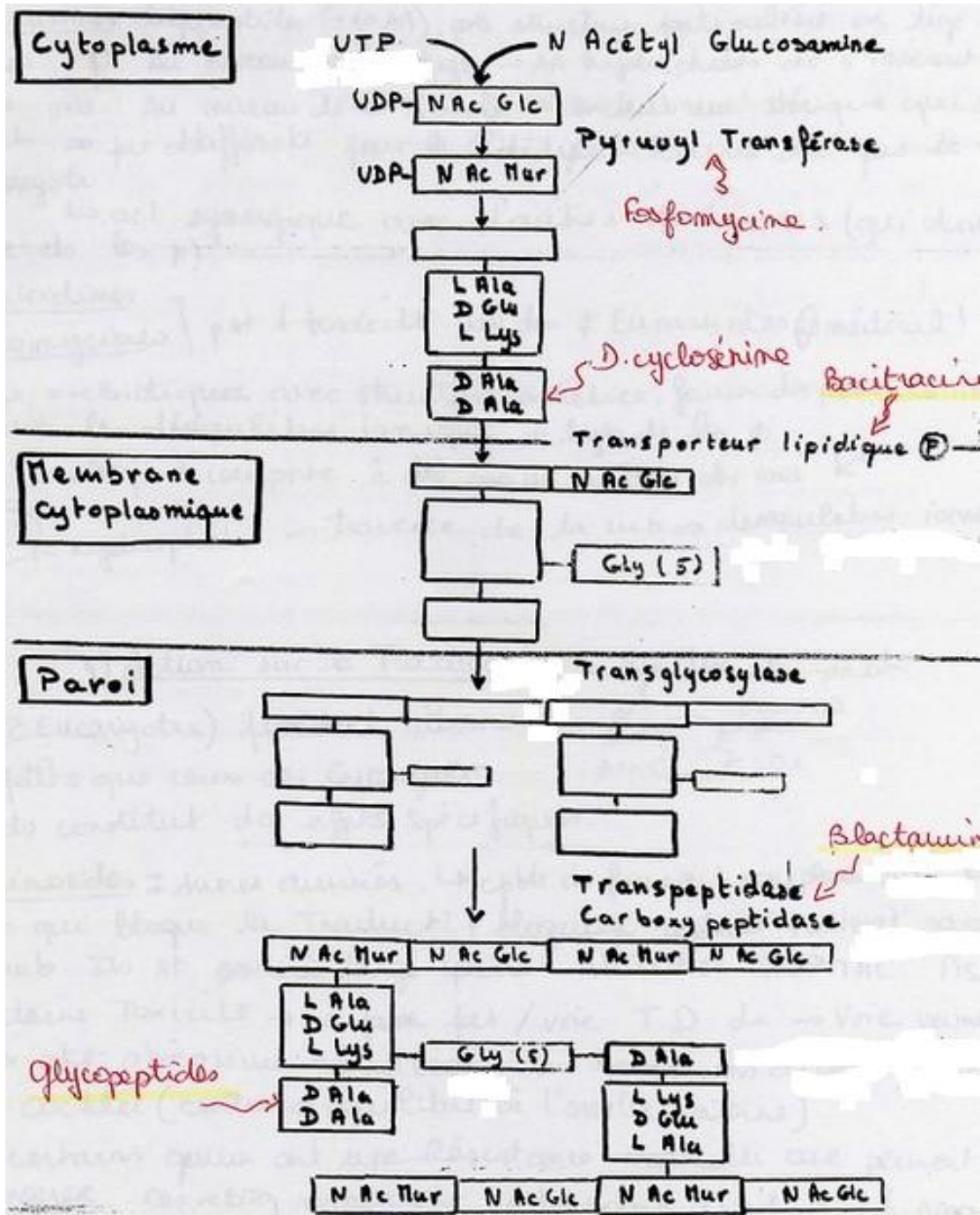
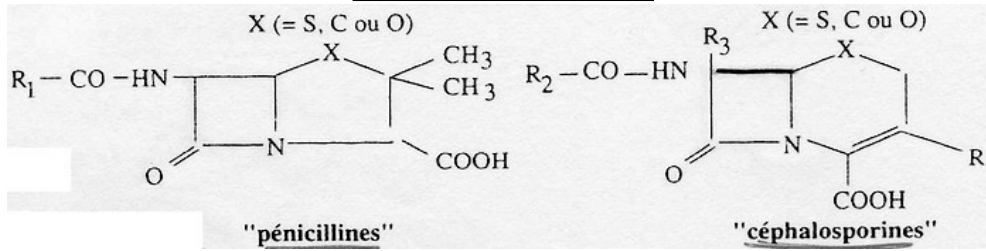


Synthèse du Peptidoglycane

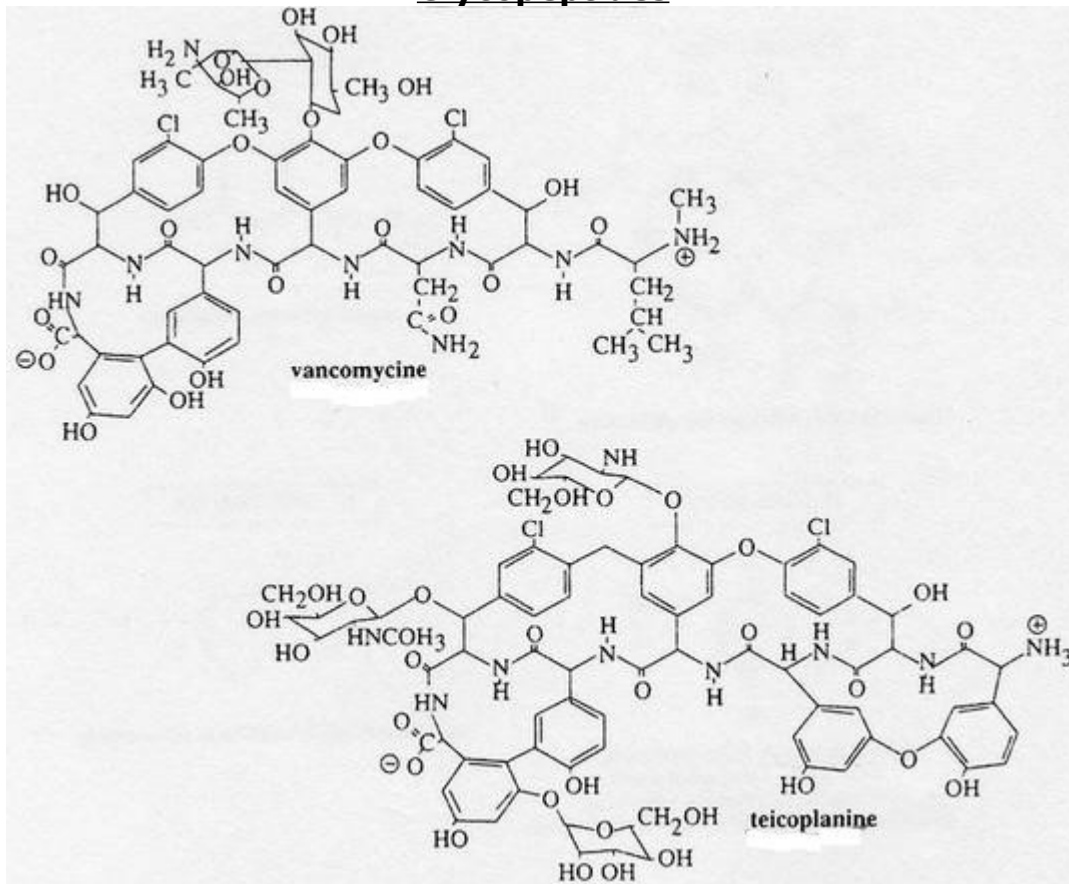


Antibiotiques agissant sur la synthèse de la paroi bactérienne

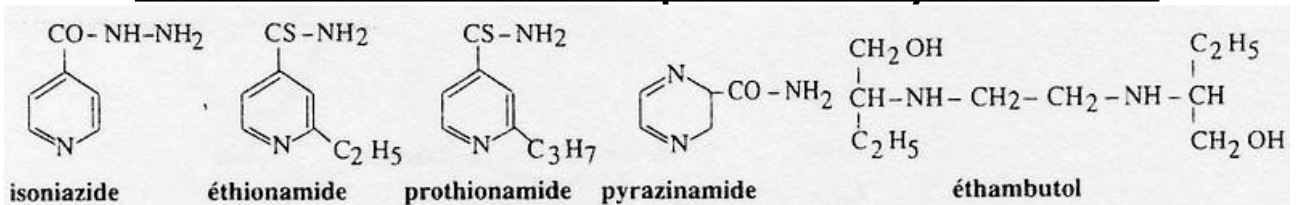
Beta-Lactamines



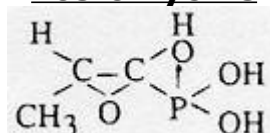
Glycopeptides



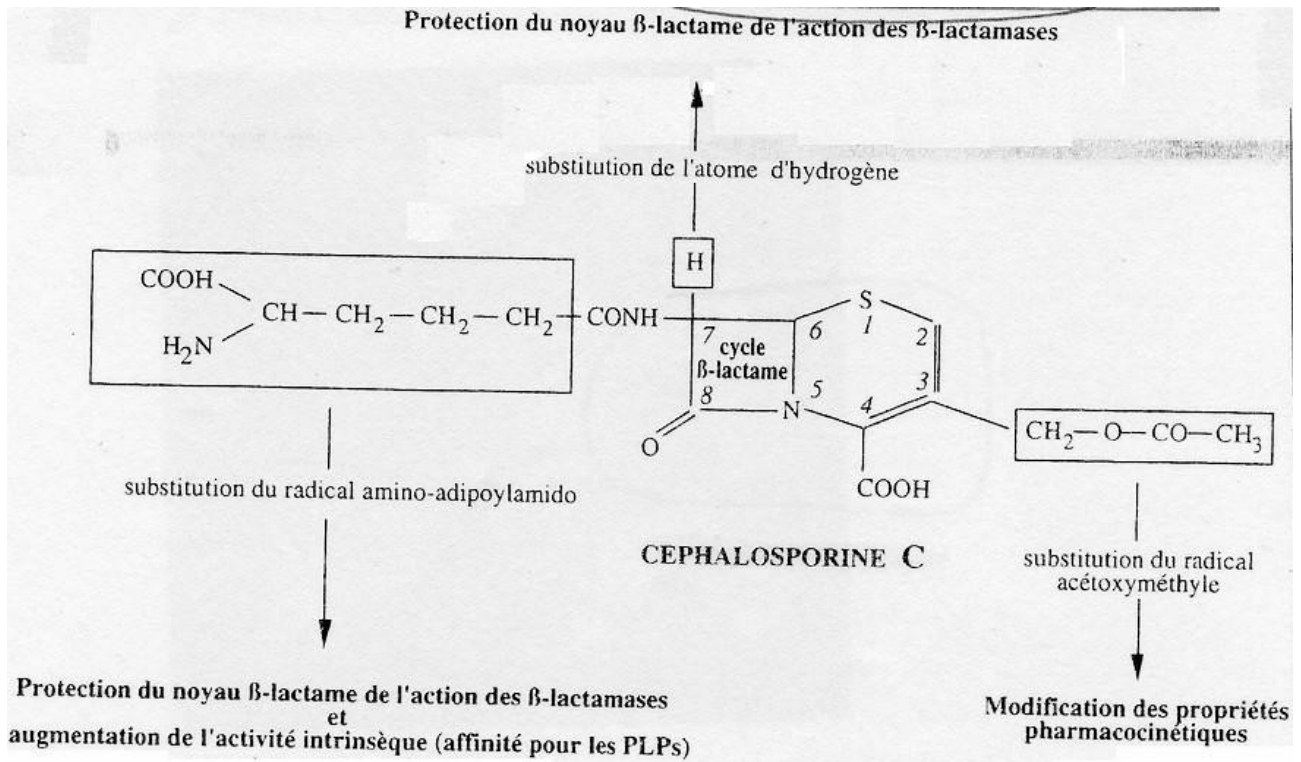
Dérivés de l'acide isonicotinique et de l'éthylène diamine



Fosfomycine

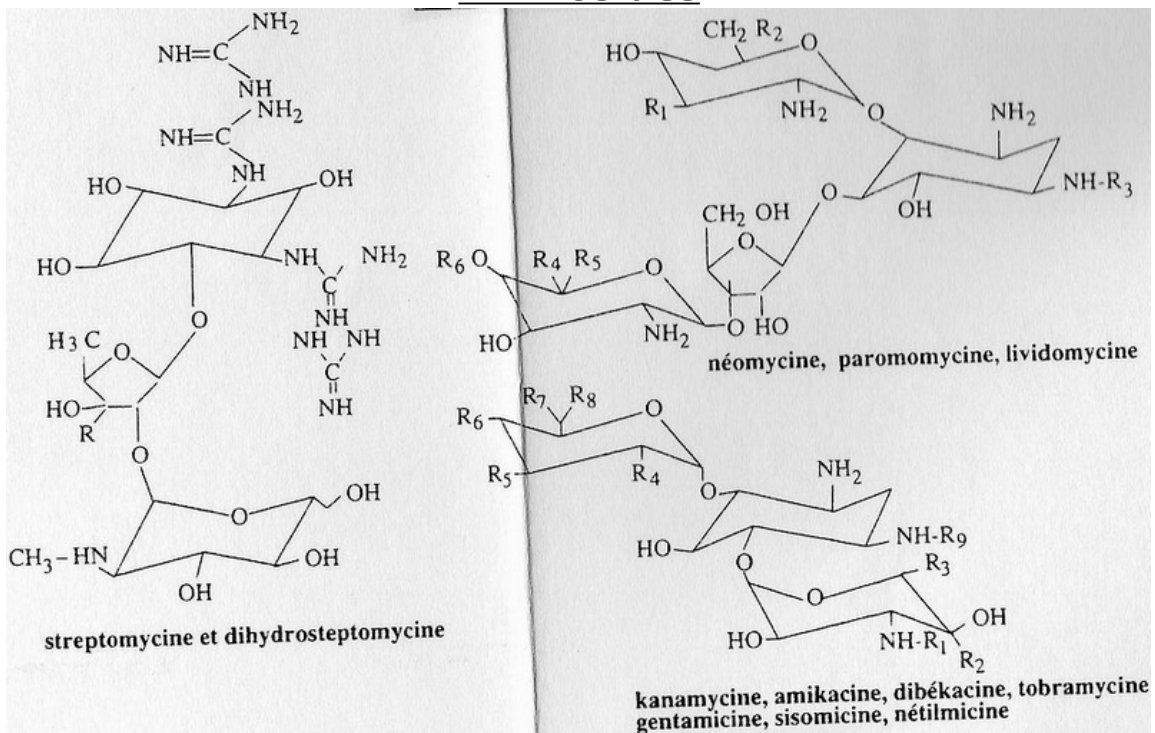


Céphalosporine C (naturelle) et céphalosporines semi-synthétiques

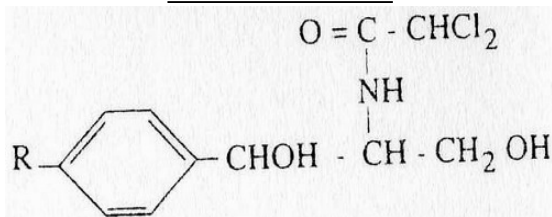


Antibiotiques agissant sur les ribosomes

Aminosides

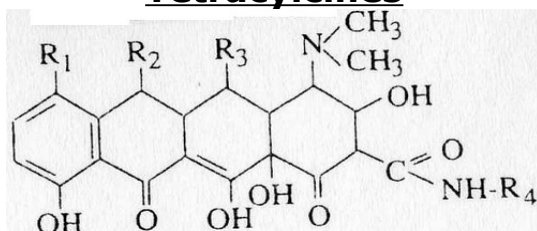


Phénicoles



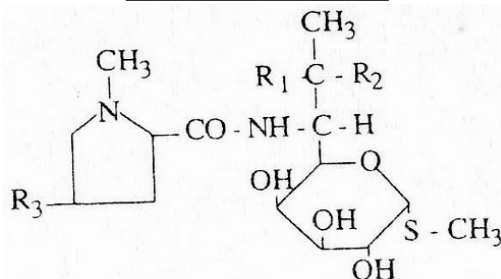
Chloramphénicol et thiamphénicol

Tétracyclines

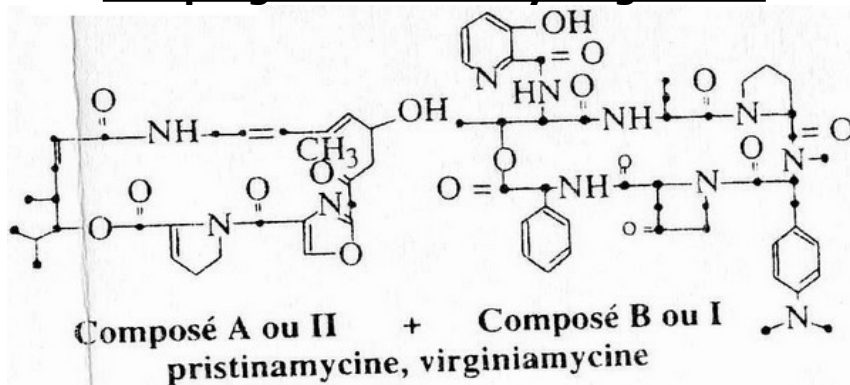


Tétracycline, Doxycycline, Minocycline

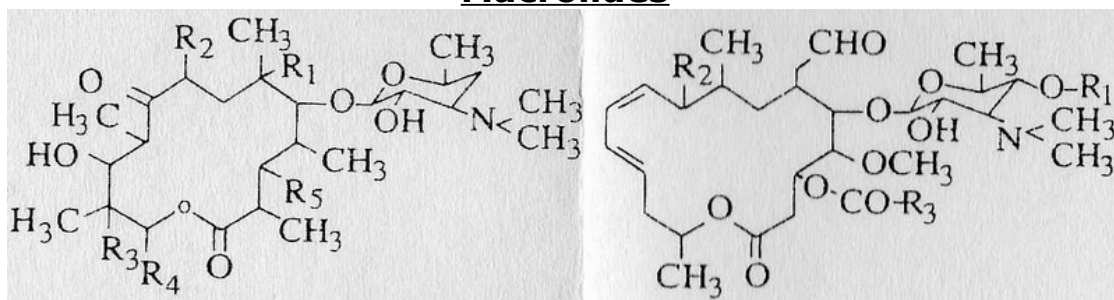
Lincosamides



Streptogramines ou Synergistines



Macrolides

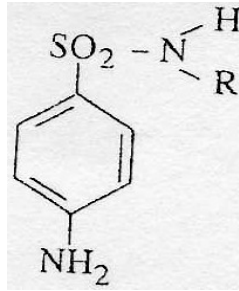


Erythromycine, Oléandomycine,
Roxithromycine

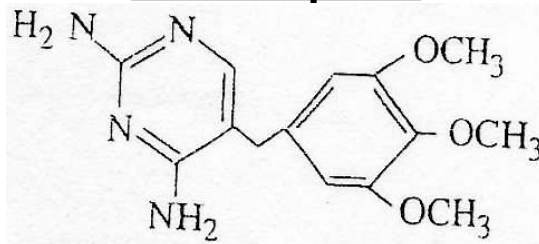
Josacynes, Midécamycine, Spiramycine

Antibiotiques agissant sur les acides nucléiques et les membranes

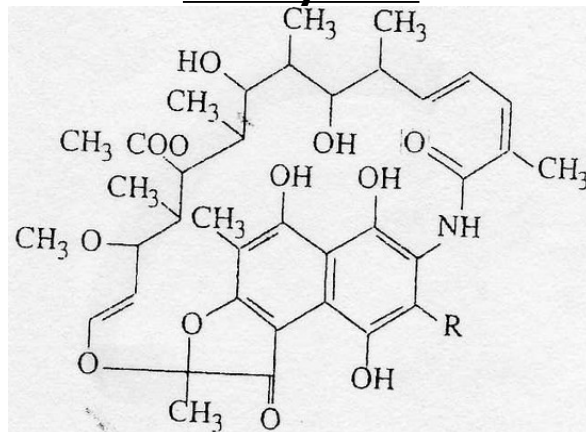
Sulfamides



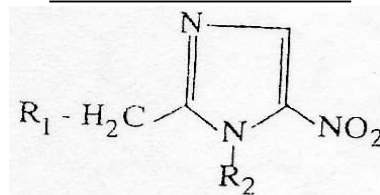
Triméthoprime



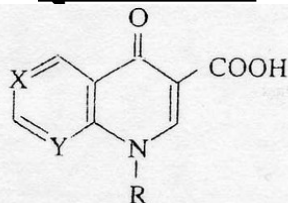
Rifamycines



Nitro-imidazole

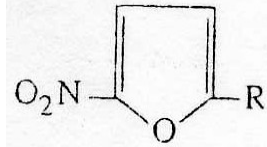


Quinolones

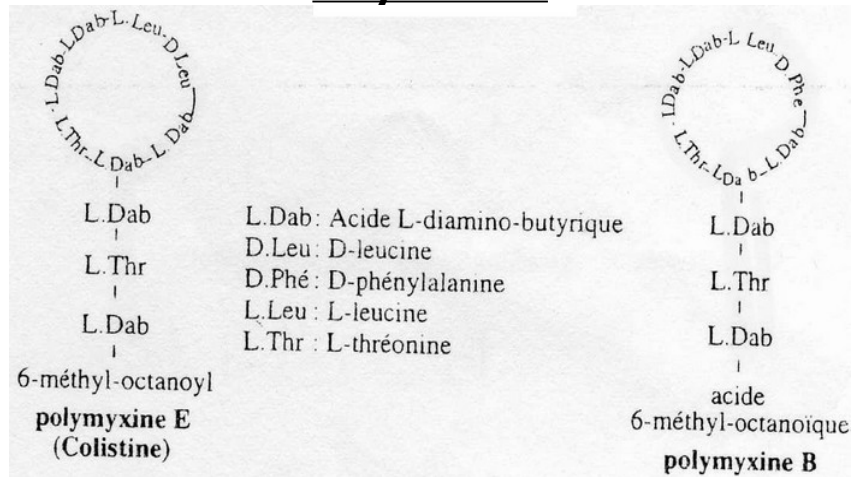


acide nalidixique, acide pipémidique, fluméquine, (1ère génération)
norfloxacine, péfloxacine, ofloxacine, ciprofloxacine, sparfloxacine (2ème génération)

Nitrofuranes



Polymixines



Mesure de l'activité antibactérienne des antibiotiques (antibiogramme)

